

Conflict Mineral Exemption Self-Declaration

The Conflict Minerals rule states that "Each reporting company having conflict minerals that are necessary to the functionality or production of a product manufactured or contracted by that reporting company to be manufactured, shall report on Form SD within the period specified in that Form disclosing the information required by the applicable items of Form SD as specified in that Form." – Exchange Act Rule 13p-1.

Furthermore, Descriptions of "Conflict Minerals" are defined as:

- A Cassiterite is the ore that is commonly used to produce tin. Tin is used in alloys, tin plating and solders to join pipes and electronic circuits.
- Columbite-tantalite is the ore from which tantalum is extracted. Tantalum is used in electronic components, including mobile telephones, computers, videogame consoles and digital cameras, and as an alloy for making carbide tools and jet engine components.
- Gold is used for making jewelry and is used in electronic, communications and aerospace equipment.
- Wolframite is the ore that is used to produce tungsten. Tungsten is used for metal wires, electrodes and contacts in lighting, electronic, electrical, heating and welding applications.

DINSpace, Inc. declares that none of its product families, (SNAP, SNAPXL, SNAPCU, or BRKT), contain any applicable conflict materials (Tin, Tantalum, Gold, and Tungsten) and therefore DINSpace is not a "reporting company" under the Rule and has no further obligations under the Rule. Release, pages 20-21, 48.

Date of Issue: July 16, 2019

Place of Issue: 2155 Chenault Drive, Carrollton, Texas 75006 USA

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